Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations
Revision Date: 08/31/2015 Date of issue: 08/31/2015

CECTION 4 IDENTIFICATION

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Modified Asphalt

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Building materials, construction

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

P. O. BOX 50085

WATSONVILLE, CA 95077-5085

831-724-1011

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 831-724-1011

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Eye Irrit. 2A H319
Carc. 1A H350
STOT RE 1 H372
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)





Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Version: 1.0

P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national,

territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss.

Contains a small amount of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a fatal, and highly flammable gas with a rotten egg odor that quickly causes odor fatigue. Heating of this product and storage under elevated temperatures or over long periods of time may release higher amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is also an asphyxiant. If stored under heat for extended periods or significantly agitated, this material might evolve or release hydrogen sulfide, a flammable gas, which can raise and widen this material's actual flammability limits and significantly lower its auto-ignition temperature.

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2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Mineral Aggregate (crushed stone, sand and gravel)	N/A	> 85	Not classified
Quartz	(CAS No) 14808-60-7	0 - 20	Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372
Distillates, petroleum, petroleum residues vacuum	(CAS No) 68955-27-1	0 - 5	Carc. 1B, H350
Rubber, reclaimed	(CAS No) 139497-04-4	1.3 - 1.8	Not classified
Calcium hydroxide	(CAS No) 1305-62-0	1.02 - 1.4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Extracts, petroleum, heavy naphthenic distillate solvent	(CAS No) 64742-11-6	0.1 - 0.2	Carc. 1B, H350 Aquatic Acute 2, H401

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Seek medical attention if any problems arise.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Repeated exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Inhalation of fumes or vapours may cause respiratory irritation. WARNING: irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be present. Greater than 15-20ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache, nausea, and dizziness. Continued exposure at these levels can lead to loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in the lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500ppm can cause rapid unconsciousness and death if not promptly revived.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting. Product may contain polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PNAs). Evidence from animal studies indicates that prolonged exposure to various PNAs can cause cancer of the lungs, skin and other organs.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Earth. Sand. Dry chemical powder.

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Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use water when molten material is involved, may react violently or explosively on contact with water. Reacts violently on contact with water. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Contains a small amount of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a fatal and highly flammable gas with a rotten egg odor that quickly causes odor fatigue. Heating of this product and storage under elevated temperatures or over long periods of time may release higher amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is also an asphyxiant.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water sources. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition. Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

Other Information: Do not add water to molten material as this may cause spattering.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do NOT breathe dust, vapor, mist, or spray. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. No smoking.

6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

Emergency Procedures: Eliminate ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. If possible, stop flow of product.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Where possible allow molten material to solidify naturally.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Cool molten material to limit spreading. Allow liquid material to solidify before cleaning up. Take up mechanically (sweeping, shoveling) and collect in suitable container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Protect skin and eyes from contact with molten material. Do NOT breathe dust, vapor, mist, or spray.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Keep in fireproof place.

Storage Area: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Building materials, construction.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Quartz (14808-60-7)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	250 mppcf/%SiO ₂ +5, 10mg/m ³ /%SiO ₂ +2	
Calcium hydr	Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³	

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USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

8.2. **Exposure Controls**

Appropriate Engineering Controls : Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Emergency eye wash

fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any

potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment : Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Dust formation: dust mask.









Materials for Protective Clothing : Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection : Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses. **Skin and Body Protection** Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection : Use NIOSH-approved dust mask if dust has the potential to become airborne.

Environmental Exposure Controls : Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

Consumer Exposure Controls : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties 9.1.

Physical State

No data available **Appearance** Odor No data available **Odor Threshold** No data available рΗ : No data available **Evaporation Rate** : No data available **Melting Point** : No data available **Freezing Point** No data available **Boiling Point** No data available **Flash Point** No data available : No data available **Auto-ignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available **Vapor Pressure** : No data available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C No data available : No data available **Relative Density** : No data available **Specific Gravity** Solubility : No data available

Viscosity 9.2. Other Information No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water

- Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. 10.1.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4. **Conditions to Avoid:** Incompatible materials.
- 10.5. **Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Quartz (silica) will dissolve in hydroflouric acid producing a corrosive gas, silicon tetrafluoride.

: No data available

: No data available

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

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Extracts, petroleum, heavy naphthenic distillate solvent (64742-11-6)			
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg		
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg		
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	7340 mg/kg		
Distillates, petroleum, petroleum residues vacuum (68955-27-1)			
LD50 Oral Rat	4320 mg/kg		
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg		
ATE (Oral)	4,320.00 mg/kg body weight		

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** May cause cancer.

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Repeated exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Inhalation of fumes or vapours may cause respiratory irritation. WARNING: irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be present. Greater than 15-20ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache, nausea, and dizziness. Continued exposure at these levels can lead to loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in the lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500ppm can cause rapid unconsciousness and death if not promptly revived.

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Extracts, petroleum, heavy naphthenic distillate solvent (64742-11-6)		
EC50 Daphnia 1 1.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
LC50 Fish 1	50.6 mg/l	
Distillates, petroleum, petroleum residues vacuum (68955-27-1)		
LC50 Fish 1	48 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [semi-static])	

12.2. Persistence and Degradability No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)

12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial,

territorial and international regulations.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 US Federal Regulations

Modified Asphalt		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
	Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
Rubber, reclaimed (139497-04-4)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory	
Extracts, petroleum, heavy naphthenic distillate solvent (64742-11-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
Distillates, petroleum, petroleum residues vacuum (68955-27-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		

15.2 US State Regulations

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
	California to cause cancer.

Quartz (14808-60-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Extracts, petroleum, heavy naphthenic distillate solvent (64742-11-6)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 08/31/2015

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS

requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR $\,$

1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

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Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)

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