

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# GRANITE™

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## SECTION I MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

|   |                                    |   |
|---|------------------------------------|---|
| <b>CHEMICAL NAME</b><br>Not Applicable          | <b>CHEMICAL FORMULA</b><br>Mixture | <b>MOLECULAR WEIGHT</b><br>Not Applicable |
| <b>TRADE NAME(S)</b><br>Recycled Base Rock      |                                    |   |
| <b>SYNONYMS</b><br>Crushed Concrete and Asphalt |                                    | <b>DOT IDENTIFICATION NO.</b><br>None     |

## SECTION II PRODUCT AND COMPONENT DATA

| COMPONENT(S) CHEMICAL NAME  | CAS REGISTRY NO. | % (APPROX.)<br>(optional) | OSHA PEL             | ACGIH TLV            |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Crushed Concrete and Asphalt</b>   | <b>Mixture</b>   | <b>100</b>                | <b>See Section X</b> | <b>See Section X</b> |
| Silica, crystalline – typically Quartz<br>(content typically greater than 1% and can be higher than 20%)<br>Other possible forms of crystalline silica<br>Cristobalite<br>Tridymite | 14808-60-7       | Varies                    | See Section X        | See Section X        |
|   | 14464-46-1       | Varies                    | See Section X        | See Section X        |
|   | 15468-32-3       | Varies                    | See Section X        | See Section X        |
| Portland Cement   | 65997-15-1       | Varies                    | See Section X        | See Section X        |
| Petroleum Asphalt, Hardened   | 8052-42-4        | Varies                    | See Section X        | See Section X        |

## SECTION III PHYSICAL DATA

|  |   |   |           |
|--|---|---|-----------|
| <b>APPEARANCE AND ODOR</b><br>Angular particles, light/salt and pepper colored, ranging in size from pebbles to boulders. No odor. | <b>SOLUBILITY IN WATER</b><br>Insoluble |   |           |
| <b>BOILING POINT</b>   | NA                                      | <b>SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H<sub>2</sub>O = 1 @ 39.2 F)</b> | 2.6 – 2.8 |
| <b>VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg)</b>  | NA                                      | <b>MELTING POINT</b>                                  | NE        |
| <b>VAPOR DENSITY IN AIR (AIR = 1)</b>  | NA                                      | <b>EVAPORATION RATE (Butyl Acetate = 1)</b>           | NA        |

## SECTION IV PHYSICAL HAZARDS (FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA)

|   |  |                  |                  |
|---|--|------------------|------------------|
| <b>FLASHPOINT (METHOD USED)</b><br>Not flammable or combustible | <b>FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR (% Vol. in air)</b><br>Not flammable or combustible | <b>LEL</b><br>NA | <b>UEL</b><br>NA |
|---|--|------------------|------------------|

**EXTINGUISHING AGENTS**  
None required

### UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Contact with powerful oxidizing agents may cause fire and/or explosion.

**SECTION V REACTIVITY DATA**

|                  |          |   |  |
|------------------|----------|---|--|
| <b>STABILITY</b> | Unstable |   | <b>CONDITIONS TO AVOID</b><br>Avoid contact with incompatible materials. |
|                  | Stable   | X |  |

**INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)**

Silica reacts violently with powerful oxidizing agents such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, oxygen difluoride and hydrogen peroxide yielding possible fire and/or explosions. Silica is also incompatible with acetylene and ammonia. Silica dissolves readily in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas – silicon tetrafluoride.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS**

Silica-containing respirable dust particles may be generated if hardened product is subjected to mechanical forces such as in demolition work and surface modification (sanding, grooving, chiseling, etc.

|                                 |                |   |  |
|---------------------------------|----------------|---|--|
| <b>HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION</b> | May Occur      |   | <b>CONDITIONS TO AVOID</b><br>Not Applicable |
|                                 | Will Not Occur | X |  |

**SECTION VI TOXICITY AND FIRST AID**

|                                     |                 |           |               |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| <b>PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE</b> | Inhalation? Yes | Skin? Yes | Ingestion? No |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|

**HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC)**

Eye Contact: Direct contact with dust may cause irritation by mechanical abrasion.

Skin Contact: Direct contact may cause irritation by mechanical abrasion.

Skin Absorption: Not applicable.

Ingestion: Ingestion is unlikely, but large amounts may cause gastrointestinal irritation and blockage.

Inhalation: Dusts may irritate the nose, throat, and respiratory tract by mechanical abrasion. Avoid breathing excessive dust.

Repeated and prolonged (chronic) exposure to respirable dust in excess of allowable exposure limits can result in pneumoconiosis, a lung disease.

Repeated and prolonged (chronic) exposure to respirable crystalline silica-containing dust in excess of allowable exposure limits may cause silicosis, a progressive pneumoconiosis, and possibly lung cancer. Smoking may further increase the risk of lung disease. Dry product or hardened product subjected to mechanical forces (such as in demolition work) may result in exposure to respirable dust.

|   |   |  |                       |
|---|---|--|-----------------------|
| <b>CARCINOGENICITY</b><br>Calcium carbonate is not listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.<br><br>Crystalline silica, a component of this product, is listed by IARC as a carcinogen. The IARC has determined that there is sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals exposed to crystalline silica and limited evidence of its carcinogenicity in humans. The NTP has listed respirable crystalline silica as a known human carcinogen. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has listed respirable crystalline silica (quartz) as a suspected human carcinogen (A-2 designation). | <b>NTP</b><br><br>Silica – Known Carcinogen | <b>IARC</b><br><br>Silica - Carcinogen (Group 1) | <b>OSHA</b><br><br>NE |
|---|---|--|-----------------------|

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING</b><br>"This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer." | <b>CA LISTED CARCINOGEN(S)</b><br>Crystalline silica (quartz, cristobalite) |
|--|---|

**SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE**

The signs and symptoms of acute exposure to dust may include irritation of the eyes, skin and respiratory tract.

Symptoms of silicosis include (but may not be limited to): Shortness of breath, difficulty breathing with or without exertion, coughing, diminished work capacity, diminished chest expansion, reduction in lung volume, right heart enlargement or failure.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE**

Contact with dust may aggravate existing skin and/or eye conditions. Inhaling respirable dust may aggravate existing respiratory conditions.

**EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID**

Eyes: Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes, while holding the eyelids(s) open. Occasionally lift the eyelid(s) to ensure thorough rinsing, Seek medical attention at once and continue to flush eye(s) until a physician takes charge.

Skin: Wash with soap and water. Contact a physician if irritation persists or later develops.

Ingestion: If conscious, give large quantity of water to dilute the stomach contents. Do not attempt to make the person vomit unless directed by medical personnel. Contact a physician immediately

Dust inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Dust in throat and nasal passages should clear spontaneously. Contact physician if irritation persists or later develops.

**SECTION VII PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE**

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED**

Personnel involved in cleanup processes should implement controls as identified in Section VIII as appropriate. Prevent spilled materials from entering streams, drainages, or sewers where it can harden and clog flow.

**WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD**

None of the components in this product are subject to the reporting requirements of Title III SARA, 1986, and 40 CFR 372. Material can be retained until it hardens. Dispose of waste materials only in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

**STORAGE AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

Respirable dust may be generated during processing, handling and storage. The controls identified in Section VIII should be applied as appropriate.

Do not store near food and beverages or smoking material. Avoid incompatible materials.

**SECTION VIII PERSONAL PROTECTION AND CONTROL MEASURES**

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

Not required under normal use and working conditions. For air contaminant concentrations which exceed or are likely to exceed applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-MSHA approved, contaminant-specific, air-purifying respirator. If such concentrations are sufficiently high that the air-purifying respirator is inadequate, or if oxygen adequate to sustain life is not present, use a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Consult an industrial hygienist for evaluation of exposures. Follow all applicable MSHA or OSHA respirator use, fitting, and training standards and regulations.

|   |   |                |
|---|---|----------------|
| <b>VENTILATION</b><br>Use only in well ventilated areas. Natural ventilation generally adequate to maintain exposures below appropriate exposure limits under anticipated use conditions. | <b>Local Exhaust</b> As required        | <b>Special</b> |
|   | <b>Mechanical (General)</b> As required | <b>Other</b>   |

**PROTECTIVE GLOVES**

Not required

**EYE PROTECTION**

Safety glasses with side shields should be worn as minimum protection. Dust goggles should be work when excessively (visible) dusty conditions are present or anticipated.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT**

Not required

**HYGIENE**

Use work practices which minimize generation of airborne dust. Use normal good hygiene practices. Skin should be kept free of wet cement. Clothing saturated with wet cement should be removed promptly to prevent continued contact with skin. Wash hands with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, and using toilet facilities. Wash work clothes after each use. After working with cement, workers should shower with soap and water and wear clean clothing after showering.

**OTHER CONTROL MEASURES**

A fresh water supply for emergency first aid and washing facilities should be readily available. Workers should station themselves on the windward side of dust emissions when possible. Respirable dust levels should be monitored as needed to evaluate exposures during handling and use of product, including activities which generate dust from hardened product. Exposures in excess of the PEL should be reduced to the lowest feasible level through engineering and administrative controls (such as source control, ventilation and/or work practice changes); respiratory protection should be used only where exposures continue to exceed applicable PEL(s).

**SECTION IX TRANSPORTATION**

|                                 |                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>DOT HAZARD CLASS</b><br>None | <b>PLACARD REQUIRED</b><br>None |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|

**LABEL REQUIRED**

Label as required by the OSHA and MSHA Hazard Communication standards [29 CFR 1910.1200 (f) and 30 CFR Part 42], and applicable state and local regulations.

**SECTION X EXPOSURE LIMITS**

|   |  | <b>MSHA PEL</b>   | <b>OSHA PEL</b>  | <b>NIOSH REL</b>   | <b>ACGIH TLV</b>   |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| <b>PARTICULATES<br/>(NOT OTHERWISE<br/>REGULATED)</b>                       | <b>TWA</b>   | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)  | 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)<br>5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)                               | NE   | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable)<br>3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable) |
|   | <b>STEL</b>  | NE  | NE   | NE   | NE   |
|   | <b>C</b>   | NE  | NE   | NE   | NE   |
|   | <b>IDLH</b>  | NE  | NE   | NE   | NE   |
|   | <b>OTHER EXPOSURES LIMITS:</b> Cal/OSHA PEL – 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total), 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)   |   |  |  |  |
| <b>CRYSTALLINE<br/>SILICA<br/>(QUARTZ,<br/>CRISTOBALITE,<br/>TRIDYMITE)</b> | <b>TWA</b>   | 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2)<br>(total particulate<br>containing silica) | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2)<br>(respirable particulate<br>containing silica) | 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>(respirable silica)  | 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>(respirable quartz and<br>cristobalite)   |
|   | <b>STEL</b>  | NE  | NE   | NE   | NE   |
|   | <b>C</b>   | NE  | NE   | NE   | NE   |
|   | <b>IDLH</b>  | NE  | NE   | 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>(respirable cristobalite<br>and/or tridymite)<br>50 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>(respirable quartz) | NE   |
|   | <b>OTHER EXPOSURE LIMITS:</b> Cal/OSHA PEL – 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable quartz), 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable cristobalite and tridymite) |   |  |  |  |
| <b>PORTLAND<br/>CEMENT</b>  | <b>TWA</b>   | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)<br>5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)                               | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Total)<br>5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Respirable)   | 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|   | <b>STEL</b>  |   | NE   | NE   | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|   | <b>C</b>   |   | NE   | NE   | NE   |
|   | <b>IDLH</b>  |   | NE   | NE   | NE   |
|   | <b>OTHER EXPOSURE LIMITS/LEVELS:</b>   |   |  |  |  |

**NOTES**

PEL = permissible exposure limit  
 REL = recommended exposure limit  
 TLV = threshold limit value  
 % SiO<sub>2</sub> = percent silicon dioxide (silica) in dust

TWA = 8-hour time-weighted average  
 STEL = short-term exposure limit (15-minute average)  
 C = ceiling (peak exposure)  
 IDLH = immediately dangerous to life or health

ppm = parts per million in air  
 mg/m<sup>3</sup> = milligrams per cubic meter of air  
 NE = not established  
 NA = not applicable