Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

Revision Date: 07/16/2015 Date of issue: 07/16/2015

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier 1.1.

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: DuraPatch All Weather Patch Mix Synonyms: Cold Mix Asphalt, Bituminous Patch Mix

1.2. **Intended Use of the Product**

Use of the substance/mixture: Building materials, construction

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED

P. O. BOX 50085

WATSONVILLE, CA 95077-5085

831-724-1011

1.4. **Emergency Telephone Number**

Emergency Number : 831-724-1011

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 4	H227
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Dam. 1	H318
Carc. 2	H351
STOT SE 3	H336
STOT SE 3	H335
STOT RE 1	H372
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411
Full text of H-phrases, see	section 1

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Label Elements 2.2.

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS05





Version: 1.0

Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H227 - Combustible liquid.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, and

incompatible materials. - No smoking.

P260 - Do not breathe dust, mist, spray, vapors.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection, respiratory protection, protective clothing, protective

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

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comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P403+P233+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Contains a small amount of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a fatal, and highly flammable gas with a rotten egg odor that quickly causes odor fatigue. Heating of this product and storage under elevated temperatures or over long periods of time may release higher amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is also an asphyxiant. If stored under heat for extended periods or significantly agitated, this material might evolve or release hydrogen sulfide, a flammable gas, which can raise and widen this material's actual flammability limits and significantly lower its auto-ignition temperature.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Asphalt	(CAS No) 8052-42-4	50	Carc. 2, H351
Calcium oxide	(CAS No) 1305-78-8	Proprietary	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Sulfur	(CAS No) 7704-34-9	Proprietary	Combustible Dust Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Rubber, reclaimed	(CAS No) 139497-04-4	Proprietary	Not classified
Distillates, petroleum, straight-run middle	(CAS No) 64741-44-2	Proprietary	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Kerosine, petroleum	(CAS No) 8008-20-6	Proprietary	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Mineral Aggregate (crushed stone, sand and gravel)	N/A	50	Not classified
Quartz	(CAS No) 14808-60-7	0.5 - 10	Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372
Silica, cristobalite	(CAS No) 14464-46-1	< 1	Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372

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Tridymite	(CAS No) 15468-32-3	< 1	Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372
Hydrogen sulfide	(CAS No) 7783-06-4	< 0.1	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Liquefied gas, H280 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas), H330 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Seek medical attention for thermal burns. Do not attempt to forcibly remove material from skin after cooling.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 60 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Seek medical attention if a large amount is swallowed.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: During processing, inhalation of fumes may cause dizziness and/or irritation to the eyes, nose, and throat. Hot molten product will cause thermal burns to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Inhalation of fumes or vapours may cause respiratory irritation. WARNING: irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be present. Greater than 15-20ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache, nausea, and dizziness. Continued exposure at these levels can lead to loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in the lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500ppm can cause rapid unconsciousness and death if not promptly revived.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact with the skin may cause dermatitis. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product. **Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:** Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Chronic Symptoms: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting. Product may contain polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PNAs). Evidence from animal studies indicates that prolonged exposure to various PNAs can cause cancer of the lungs, skin and other organs.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If burned by hot product, cool affected area immediately with cool water. Do not attempt to remove solidified material from skin. Seek medical attention immediately. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Earth. Sand. Dry chemical powder. **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use water when molten material is involved, may react violently or explosively on contact with water. Reacts violently on contact with water. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Combustible liquid.

Explosion Hazard: Contains a small amount of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a fatal and highly flammable gas with a rotten egg odor that quickly causes odor fatigue. Heating of this product and storage under elevated temperatures or over long periods of time may release higher amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is also an asphyxiant.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

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Firefighting Instructions: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water sources. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition. Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

Other Information: Do not add water to molten material as this may cause spattering.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do NOT breathe dust, vapor, mist, or spray. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. No smoking.

6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

Emergency Procedures: Eliminate ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. If possible, stop flow of product.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Where possible allow molten material to solidify naturally.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Cool molten material to limit spreading. Allow liquid material to solidify before cleaning up. Take up mechanically (sweeping, shoveling) and collect in suitable container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Protect skin and eyes from contact with molten material. Do NOT breathe dust, vapor, mist, or spray.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Keep in fireproof place. **Incompatible Materials:** Heat sources.

Storage Area: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

7.3. Specific End Use(s) Building materials construction

Building materials, construction

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

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Asphalt (805	2-42-4)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen fume, coal tar-free
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (fume)
Hydrogen su	lfide (7783-06-4)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	10 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	100 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	20 ppm
Calcium oxid	e (1305-78-8)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³

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Silica, cristob	Silica, cristobalite (14464-46-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
Tridymite (15	5468-32-3)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
Quartz (1480	8-60-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	250 mppcf/%SiO ₂ +5, 10mg/m ³ /%SiO ₂ +2	
Kerosine, pet	roleum (8008-20-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³ (application restricted to conditions in which there are	
		negligible aerosol exposures-total hydrocarbon vapor)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the	
		cutaneous route, Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown	
		Relevance to Humans	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³	

8.2. Exposure Controls

Personal Protective Equipment

Appropriate Engineering Controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the

immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations

are observed. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

: Protective clothing. Gloves. Safety glasses. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials for Protective Clothing

Hand Protection

Skin and Body Protection

Respiratory Protection

: With molten material wear thermally protective clothing.

: If material is hot, wear thermally resistant protective gloves.

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory

protection should be worn.

Consumer Exposure Controls : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Liquid

Appearance : Course black material with a volatile liquid component

Odor : Petroleum odor **Odor Threshold** : No data available рΗ : No data available **Evaporation Rate** : No data available **Melting Point** : No data available **Freezing Point** : No data available **Boiling Point** : No data available **Flash Point** : No data available **Auto-ignition Temperature** : No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available : No data available **Vapor Pressure**

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Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C: No data availableRelative Density: No data availableSolubility: No data availablePartition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: No data availableViscosity: No data available

9.2. Other Information No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- **10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.
- **10.3.** Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Extremely high or low temperatures. Ignition sources. Incompatible materials.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials: Water, sparks, open flame, volatile liquids, strong acids, and H₂S fumes.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition generates : Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Asphalt (8052-42-4)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 94.4 mg/m³	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
LC50 Inhalation Rat	444 ppm/4h	
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 3000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 9.23 mg/l/4h	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2500 mg/kg	
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
Distillates, petroleum, straight-run middle (64741	-44-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	1.72 mg/l/4h (Exposure time: 4 h)	
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.28 mg/l/4h	

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer.

Asphalt (8052-42-4)		
IARC group	2B	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Twelfth Report - Items under consideration.	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	
Silica, cristobalite (14464-46-1)		
IARC group	1	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	

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Tridymite (15468-32-3)	
IARC group	1
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Inhalation of fumes or vapours may cause respiratory irritation. WARNING: irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be present. Greater than 15-20ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache, nausea, and dizziness. Continued exposure at these levels can lead to loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in the lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500ppm can cause rapid unconsciousness and death if not promptly revived.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact with the skin may cause dermatitis. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product. **Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:** Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Chronic Symptoms: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting. Product may contain polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PNAs). Evidence from animal studies indicates that prolonged exposure to various PNAs can cause cancer of the lungs, skin and other organs.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
LC50 Fish 1	0.0448 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])	
LC 50 Fish 2	0.016 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
LC50 Fish 1	866 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	736 mg/l	
LC 50 Fish 2	14 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
LC50 Fish 1	1070 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [static])	
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)		
LC50 Fish 1	2 - 5 mg/kg (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [semi-static])	
NOEC chronic fish	0.098 mg/l (PETROTOX, Klimmish score: 2)	

12.2. Persistence and Degradability No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Asphalt (8052-42-4)		
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)	
Log Pow	>6	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)	
Log Pow	0.45 (at 25 °C)	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
BCF fish 1	CF fish 1 (no bioaccumulation)	
Distillates, petroleum, straight-run middle (64741-44-2)		
Log Pow	3.9 - 6	

12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

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12.5. **Other Adverse Effects**

No additional information available

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Recycle the material as far as possible. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : ASPHALT CUTBACK

Hazard Class : 3

Identification Number : NA1999

Label Codes : 3 **Packing Group** : 111 **ERG Number** 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : TARS, LIQUID

: 3 **Hazard Class**

Identification Number : UN1999

Packing Group : 111 **Label Codes** : 3 EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-E



14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : TARS, LIQUID

: 111 **Packing Group**

Identification Number : UN1999

Hazard Class : 3 **Label Codes** : 3 **ERG Code (IATA)** 3L



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 US Federal Regulations			
DuraPatch All Weather Patch Mix			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard		
	Immediate (acute) health hazard		
	Delayed (chronic) health hazard		
Asphalt (8052-42-4)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard		
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory		
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302			
Listed on United States SARA Section 313			
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) 500		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %		
Rubber, reclaimed (139497-04-4)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
Sulfur (7704-34-9)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard		

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Silica, cristobalite (14464-46-1)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard		
Tridymite (15468-32-3)			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Delayed (chronic) health hazard		
Quartz (14808-60-7)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Delayed (chronic) health hazard			
Distillates, petroleum, straight-run middle (64741-44-2)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			

15.2 US State Regulations

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
	California to cause cancer.

Asphalt (8052-42-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Sulfur (7704-34-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Silica, cristobalite (14464-46-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Tridymite (15468-32-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Quartz (14808-60-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 07/16/2015

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Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Other Information

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Flam. Sol. 1	Flammable solids Category 1
Liquefied gas	Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H220	Extremely flammable gas
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H228	Flammable solid
H232	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)

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